## **CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

## IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application or previous response to office action:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for recognizing a sensor type, the method performed by a program embodied in tangible computer-readable media and comprising the following steps:
- [[-]] checking a first condition that will have been met if a measuring signal of a sensor exceeds a first threshold,
- [[-]] checking a second condition if the first **condition** has been met, with the second condition having been met if a gradient of the measuring signal is greater in amount than a predefined second threshold,
- [[-]] determining whether the sensor is (a) a signal-value-range multiplex output type sensor having at least two different outputs that are multiplexed, or (b) not a signal-value-range multiplex output type sensor having at least two different outputs that are multiplexed, including:
- [[-]] <u>recognizing the sensor as a signal-value-range multiplex output type</u> <u>sensor</u> if the first and second <u>conditions</u> have been met, then a sensor having a signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring signal will be recognized, <u>and</u>
- [[-]] recognizing the sensor as not a signal-value-range multiplex output type sensor and if at least one of the conditions has not been met, then a sensor not having a signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring signal will be recognized.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the first and second eondition conditions are in each case checked close in time to a start of operation of the sensor.

- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the sensor having the signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring signal will be recognized if the first and second **condition conditions** have been met a predefined number of times, and otherwise the sensor not having a signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring signal will be recognized.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein the following steps are carried out in [[the]] case of a recognized sensor having a signal-value-range multiplex output:
  - [[-]] the first and, dependent thereon, the second eondition conditions are checked,
- [[-]] a measurement value of the measuring signal, which value was registered a predefinable period of time before the first and second condition were met, will be assigned to either a first or a second measured variable depending on the sign of the gradient of the measuring signal or depending on the measurement value's absolute value.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 4, wherein a fault will be recognized if the first and second condition conditions are not met during a predefinable period of time.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method for recognizing a sensor type determining whether or not a sensor is a signal-value-range multiplex output type sensor having at least two different outputs that are multiplexed, the method performed by a program embodied in tangible computer-readable media and comprising:
- [[-]] determining whether a measuring signal of a sensor exceeds a first threshold and if so, determining whether a gradient of the measuring signal is greater in amount than a predefined second threshold, and if so, <u>identifying the</u> a sensor <u>having</u> <u>as</u> a signal-value-range multiplex output <u>type sensor</u> for the measuring signal is recognized,
- [[-]] and if either step of determining fails, then <u>identifying the</u> a sensor <u>having as</u> <u>not being a sensor not having</u> a signal-value-range multiplex output <u>type sensor</u> for the <u>measuring signal is recognized</u>.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 6, wherein the steps of determining are in each case checked close in time to a start of operation of the sensor.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 6, wherein the sensor having the signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring signal will be recognized if the steps of determining have been met a predefined number of times, and otherwise the sensor not having a signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring signal will be recognized.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 6, wherein the following steps are carried out in the case of a recognized sensor having a signal-value-range multiplex output:
  - [[-]] repeating the steps of determining,
- [[-]] assigning a measurement value of the measuring signal, which value was registered a predefinable period of time before the steps of determining were met, to either a first or a second measured variable depending on the sign of the gradient of the measuring signal or depending on the measurement value's absolute value.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 9, wherein a fault will be recognized if the steps of determining are not met during a predefinable period of time.
- 11. (Currently Amended) An arrangement for recognizing whether or not a sensor is a signal-value-range multiplex output type sensor having at least two different outputs that are multiplexed, a sensor type comprising:
- [[-]] means for determining whether a measuring signal of a sensor exceeds a first threshold and
- [[-]] means for determining whether a gradient of the measuring signal is greater in amount than a predefined second threshold,

wherein <u>the sensor is recognized as a sensor having</u> a signal-value-range multiplex output <u>type sensor</u> for the measuring signal is recognized, if both determinations are met, and if either determination fails, then <u>the sensor is not recognized as a sensor not having</u> a signal-value-range multiplex output <u>type sensor for the measuring signal is recognized</u>.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The arrangement according to claim 11, wherein the determinations are performed close in time to a start of operation of the sensor.
  - 13. (Currently Amended) The arrangement according to claim 11, wherein the sensor having the signal-value-range multiplex output for the measuring

signal will be recognized if the determinations have been met a predefined number of times, and otherwise the sensor not having [[a]] the signal-value-range multiplex output for the

measuring signal will be recognized.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The arrangement according to claim 11, wherein in the case of a recognized sensor having [[a]] the signal-value-range multiplex output a measurement value of the measuring signal, which value was registered a predefinable period of time before the determinations were met, is assigned to either a first or a second measured variable depending on the sign of the gradient of the measuring signal or depending on the measurement value's absolute value.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The arrangement according to claim 14, wherein a fault will be recognized if the determinations are not met during a predefinable period of time.